

## AN EXPERIENCE OF TREATING PATIENTS WITH MALIGNANT TUMORS BY SU JOK THERAPEUTIC METHODS

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One of the most cruel and ruthless diseases of mankind are malignant neoplasms for which many modern methods of treatment prove to be of little efficacy. The present paper discusses the results of applying Su Jok therapy in treating various forms of malignant tumors.

The patients' diagnoses were stated by oncologists on the basis of objective and instrumental investigations including X-ray methods and the results of biopsy.

I applied the Su Jok therapeutic method only to those patients who turned for help on the terminal stage of disease (inoperable patients, receiving only symptomatic and analgetic therapy, as well as patients who had undergone surgical operations and received courses of chemo- and radiation therapy).

Twenty persons in all received treatment, all of them suffered from various forms of malignant neoplasms. Among them were 9 men and 11 women. The majority of the patients represented a group between 41 and 50 years of age (Table 1).

Age (years)	Men			Women		
	Total, persons	Remission	Relapse	Total, persons	Remission	Relapse
31-41	-	-	-	1	-	-
41-50	6	-	-	5	4	1
51-60	2	1	1	4	3	-
61-70	1	-	-	1	1	-
Total	9	1	1	11	8	1

**Table 1.** Groups of patients with malignant tumors who underwent treatment by the Su Jok method

I kept my patients under observation and analyzed their late results of treatment during three years. In 9 patients a state of remission was obtained which is manifested in the absence of symptoms of an illness during

this period of time. In two cases a relapse of illness was observed - renewal of the tumor process. Treatment of the basic pathology had to be carried out against the background of associated chronic illnesses and their complications such as: gastritis, cholecystitis, pancreatitis, colitis, pneumonia, pleuropneumonia, obturation bronchitis, stenocardia, arterious hypertension, enuresis, osteochondrosis, nephroptosis, ascites, etc. Besides, additional difficulties arose because of the complications caused by chemotherapy and radiation therapy. It is noteworthy that in the group under study the positive results of Su Jok therapy were more frequent in female patients than in male patients, even when the initial condition was equally severe. It was discovered that the efficacy of Su Jok therapy of malignant tumors depends also on associated and previously given kinds of treatment (Table 2).

Forms of malignant neoplasms	Total number of persons	Patients who underwent chemotherapy, radiation therapy, operative treatment					Patients who underwent chemotherapy, radiation therapy					Patients who underwent operative treatment					Patients who did not receive oncological treatment				
		1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
		Number of persons	Remission	Slight relief	No effect	Relapse	Number of persons	Remission	Slight relief	No effect	Relapse	Number of persons	Remission	Slight relief	No effect	Relapse	Number of persons	Remission	Slight relief	No effect	Relapse
1. Mammary gland cancer	3	1	-	1	-	-						2	2	-	-	-					
2. Uterus cancer	1	1	-	-	1	-															
3. Oronasopharynx cancer	2	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-										
4. Urinary bladder cancer	1	1	-	-	1	-															
5. Stomach cancer	2						1	-	1	-	-						1	-	1	-	-
6. Cancer of fundus of oral cavity	1						1	-	1	-	-										
7. Lung cancer	3						3	-	2	1	-										
8. Rectum, large intestine cancer	2											2	2	-	-	-					
9. Thyroid gland cancer	1											1	1	-	-	-					
10. Brain cancer	1											1	1	-	-	-					

11. Maxillary sinus cancer	1																1	-	1	-	-
12. Multiple lung metastases from an unindented focus	1																1	1	-	-	-
13. Tongue cancer	1						1	1	-	-	1										
<b>TOTAL:</b>	20	4	1	11	2	1	7	1	5	1	1	6	6	-	-	-	3	1	2	-	-

**Table 2.** Efficacy of treatment by the Su Jok method of various forms of malignant tumors depending on previously conducted treatment

Some patients formerly took repeated courses of intensive chemotherapy and radiation therapy together with surgical treatment, others received only chemo- or radiation therapy, still others underwent only surgical treatment. The patients of the fourth group, in view of detecting a disease at final stages, took only analgetics. The Su Jok therapy was especially effective in patients with large intestine cancer, thyroid gland cancer and brain tumor who had not previously undergone chemo- and radiation therapy receiving only operative treatment.

Su Jok therapy included moxotherapy and seed therapy of the points of correspondence to the tumor and metastasizing focuses, and also warming up of basic energy points on the Yin-surface of the hands and feet. In addition, I carried out the 6 Ki treatment, on the emotional level, stimulating the Diamond energy system (tonification of Heat, Joy in the Border and Core meridians which control the area of illness).

It was demonstrated in practice that in certain cases of extensive metastases and large sizes of the central tumor, the therapy temporarily increases intoxication symptoms in patients and their general condition gets impaired. In order to avoid these side effects, I started treatment with warming up of basic energy points during a period of several days.

Analysing the cases when the effect of treatment was low and tumor relapses appeared, it turned out that the leading role in this process belonged to psychoemotional factors. Often, after successful treatment patients returned into the same social environment which contributed to the onset of the disease.

The analysis of the patients' energy constitutions showed that the ultimate majority of patients with oncological diseases had a constitution of excessive unit Fear or Sorrow. There were no patients with the constitution of defective unit Fear in the group of patients under observation. The growth of malignant neoplasms is provoked by a negative effect on a patient of the emotional factors of the categories of Sorrow and Fear which corresponds to the mental state of the category of Will and Wisdom. The influence of aforementioned emotions was found in all cases of disease relapses.

For example, a male patient for several years had been suffering from sorrow and disappointment because his wife had left him and his daughter was a drug addict. He had a relapse 11 months after the tumor and symptoms of illness disappeared. In another case, a female patient was experiencing sorrow, fear and anger, since she had been left by her husband and she was in the continuous conflict with her mother who suffered from alcoholism - she had a relapse in 4.5 months after treatment. In both cases the tumor relapses developed rapidly and new treatment did not have any positive result.

Experience of treating malignant tumors shows that apart from treatment by correspondence systems and on the vital energy levels, oncological patients need correction of their emotional and mental state, which permits

to change their way of thinking, their relation to the surrounding world and people, to teach them to adequately perceive arising problem situations and to look for right ways out of them.

A case study of treating a female patient with unoperable malignant tumor.

A female patient, age 41.

Diagnosis: multiple lung metastases (diameter 2 cm) from an unidentified focus. Interior lobe bilateral pneumonia. Ultrasonic examination: small enlargement of the liver; groove of the gall bladder, congestive contents; reduced spleen area; the kidneys of normal sizes, consolidation of the renal pelvis system.

During the interview new information was added: enuresis, shortsightedness, frequent headaches, backaches intensifying when moving, pains in the left hypochondrium, constipation, periodic sharp abdominal pains, frequent dry cough. Since the process was advanced, the patient received only analgetic therapy.

The diagnostics found the constitution of excessive unit Sorrow in the patient. According to ultrasonic and visual examination, and in the interview with the patient the following branch constitutions were determined: in the brain (pericardium) meridian - the energy structure of excessive Sorrow, in the spleen meridian (obligatory, since it is responsible for the lymphatic system along which metastatic spreading occurs) - the structure of Fear, in the liver meridian - excessive Joy; the lungs and large intestine meridians had a united structure of excessive Fear.

I began the treatment with warming up basic energy points. On the right hand, I carried out harmonization of the energy state of the chakras, while on the left hand - of the Conception and Governor meridians, with simultaneous stimulation of other affected meridians, where disorders were discovered.

In addition, emotional treatment was carried out aimed at depressing unit Sorrow and unit Fear, and at correcting emotional energies structures in the corresponding chakras and meridians. Within 10 days (the first course) of treatment the lungs were completely cleared of metastases. Within another fortnight all symptoms of the disease disappeared. The patient feels satisfactory for 30 months already, she returned to work. Medical records with the results of investigations confirm her cure.

In case of effective treatment, the remission normally occurs after 1 to 6 courses of Su Jok therapy (every course takes 5 days) with two-week intervals between them. During the intervals the patients continued treatment on their own: they warmed up basic energy points, applied the seed therapy and took supportive herb treatment. All this was done by the patients after they had been trained in the basics of Su Jok therapy, which considerably improved the positive results of treatment.

The results obtained demonstrated that the Su Jok therapeutic method in fact opens up new possibilities for treating malignant neoplasms.

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